

## PATIENT INFORMATION:

Patient: WRAMC VC-407M  
Patient ID:  
Study Date: 5/29/2003  
Referring Physician: HWANG INKU

## INTRODUCTION:

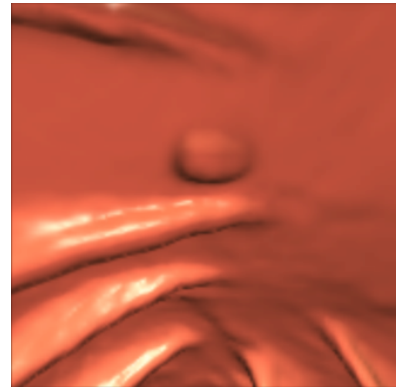
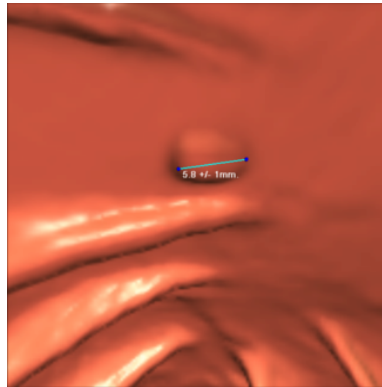
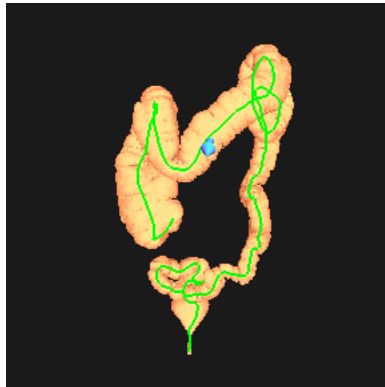
A 54 year old male presents with:

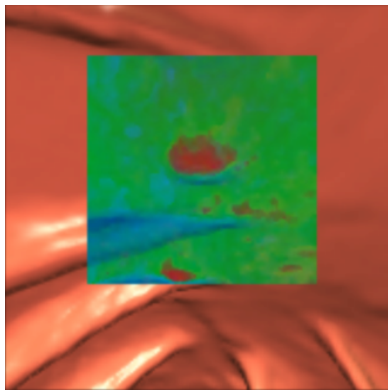
### Screening

Others: 54 yo WM here for enrollment into Virtual Colonoscopy protocol. Patient states doing well w/o change in BM, wt loss, blood in stool. Patient ave risk for colon cancer w/ FH of colonic polyps, colon ca or polyposis syndromes. Patient w/o positive stool guiac test or h/o iron def anemia w/in past 6 months. Patient has had no prior evaluations for colon cancer screening including normal colonoscopies w/in 10 yrs, and normal ACBE w/in past 5 yrs. Patient w/o h/o adenomatous polyps, colorectal cancer, IBD, HNPCC or FAPS. No h/o rectal bleeding, hematochezia, or unintentional wt loss w/in past 12 months. Patient has no contraindications for colonoscopy in general or to fleets prep.

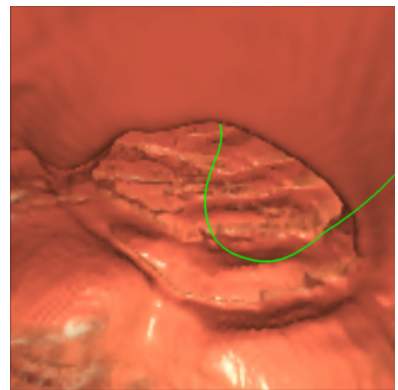
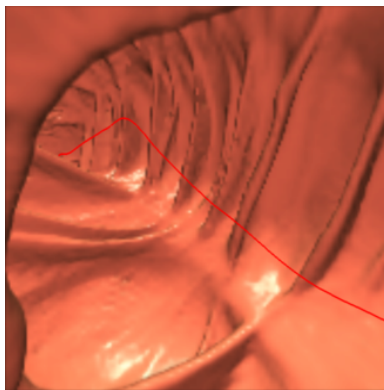
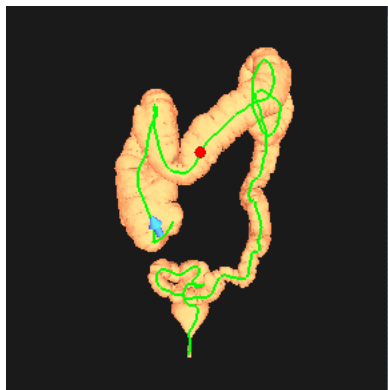
## COLON FINDINGS:

(Supine) 5.8 x 0.0 mm round polyp identified in the transverse colon at 138.6 cm from rectum.

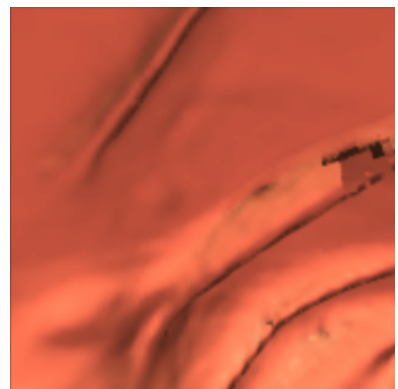
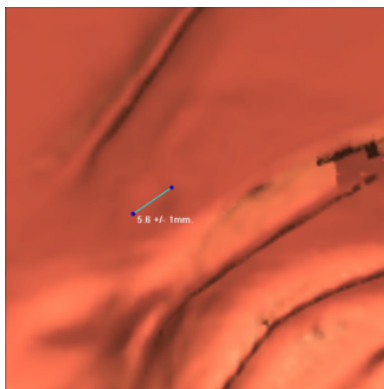
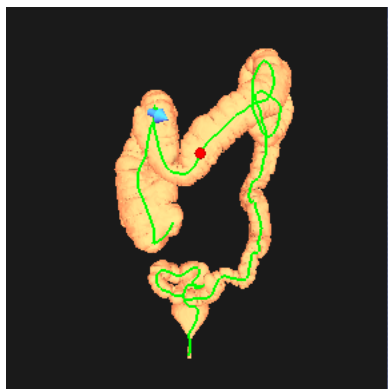


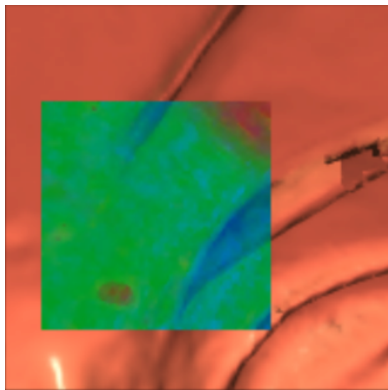


(Supine) Normal finding in the cecum at 176.7 cm from rectum.

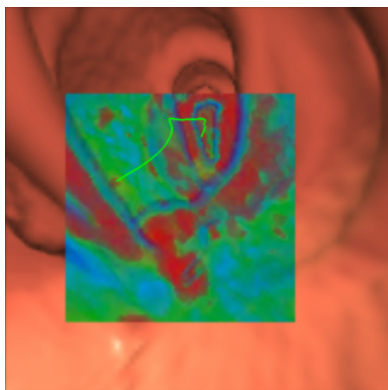
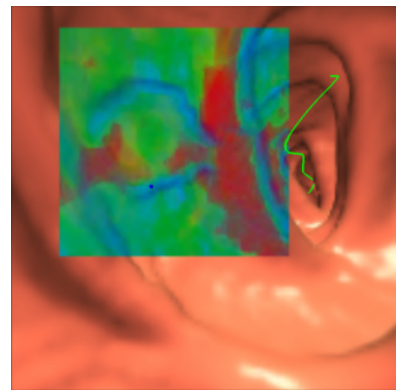
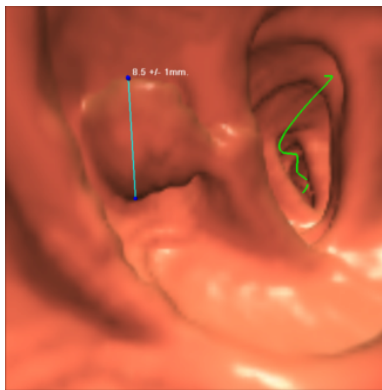
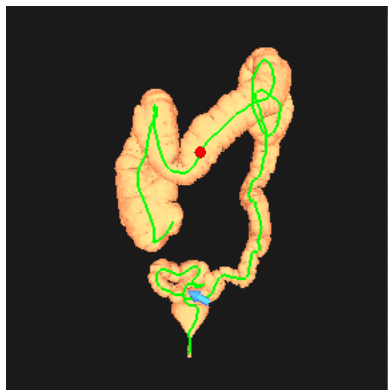


(Supine) 5.6 x 0.0 mm round polyp identified in the hepatic flexure at 153.1 cm from rectum.





(Supine) 8.5 x 0.0 mm round polyp identified in the sigmoid at 42.7 cm from rectum.



## IMPRESSION

- Large pedunculated polyp in the sigmoid colon and small sessile polyp in the transverse colon.

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J. Richard Choi, ScD, MD